



High Velocity Engineering

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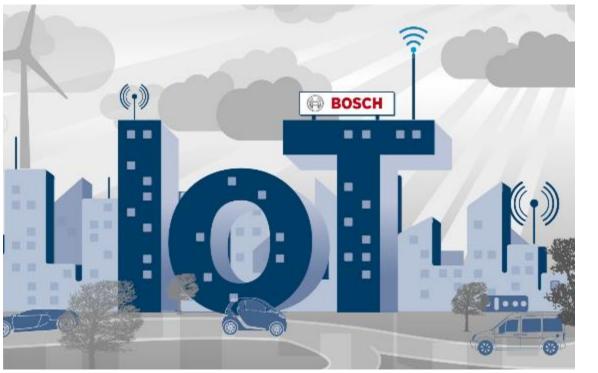
Four Business Sectors

Key Figures 2017*

Bosch Group	E 78.0 billion euros A in sales	A 400,500 associates
Mobility Solutions	One of the world's largest suppliers of mobility solutions	
Industrial Technology	Leading in drive and control technology, packaging, and process technology	61% Share of sales
Energy and Building Technology	One of the leading manufacturers of security and communication tec Leading manufacturer of energy-efficient heating products and hot-water solutions	
Consumer Goods	Leading supplier of power tools and accessories Leading supplier of household appliances	39%
* Preliminary, rounded figures as of 12.17		_



IoT@Bosch - Transformation into an IoT Company



Bosch plans to ...

...make all its electronic products web-enabled by 2022

...offer new, connected services with its webenabled products

...in this way expand its product and services business with connected solutions, and generate additional sales as a result



What is Bluehound?

Vision: Be the central hub that construction assets flow through





2 Bosch Tool Corporation I PT-BI/MKP-NA I 2019-02-22 © 2019 Robert Bosch LLC and affiliates. All rights reserved.



How it works?



Purchase a plan that suits your project needs.





Attach the tag to your tool or equipment.





Assign your beacons on the web portal and start tracking.





LET BLUEHOUND DO THE WORK FOR YOU



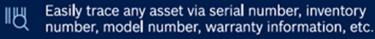
Delivery tracking from warehouse to jobsite with notifications when product arrives.



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End of day site walk to check inventory in job box.



Maintenance alerts and updates to keep track of safety equipment and scheduled asset maintenance.

Asset assignment to jobsite, job box, warehouse and individual for complete transparency to where a tool is assigned.



Employee certification storage.

Document storage linked to an asset.



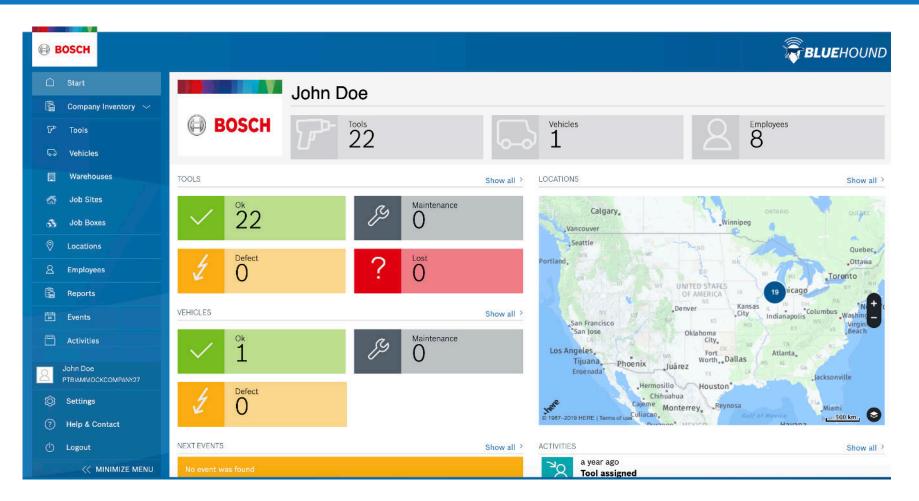








Bluehound Dashbord











Technical Overview

Bluehound Backend Is Composed Of Containerized Microservices Orchestrated By Kubernetes



What is Kubernetes?



• Kubernetes manages container-based applications and their associated networking and storage components.

• Benefits of using Kubernetes as the orchestrator

- Declarative approach to deployments
- Backed by a robust set of APIs for management operations
- Ensures Scalability, Availability and Reliability
- Polyglot , Microservices based architecture

Why we chose Kubernetes ?



Scalability

Fueled by customer usage and demand

Avoid down time

Canary deployments

Reduce cost

Resource request and limit on deployments

Infrastructure abstraction

Shift focus from underlying infrastructure to application workloads

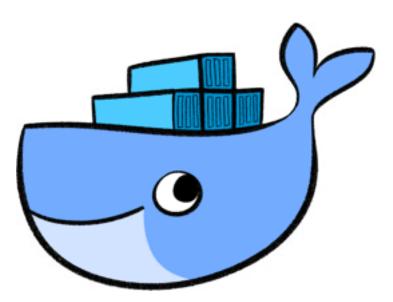
Greater Developer velocity !

Quick, easy and automatic deployments





Containerization







• Docker images are first class citizens.

• Docker Native Workflows.

• Once we have a validated image we do not have to care about dependencies associated with our application, the underlying OS, or the underlying infrastructure.





BOSCH

Drivers of High Velocity Engineering

- If it ran in development, it will run in production.
- Closely couple with code repository. Tag images with commit sha
- Reproducing bugs is a lot easier. Debug prod image in dev
- Easy rollbacks. Rollback previous image from private registry (ACR)



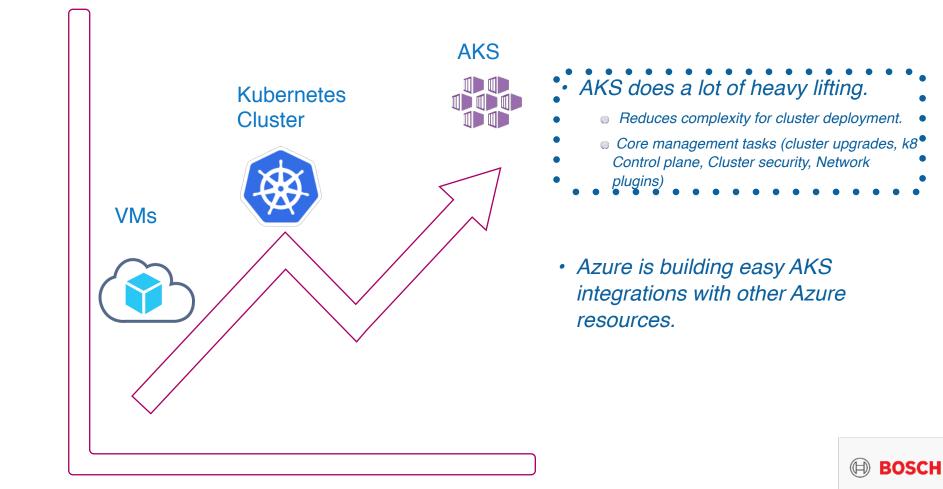
Managed Kubernetes Cluster - AKS







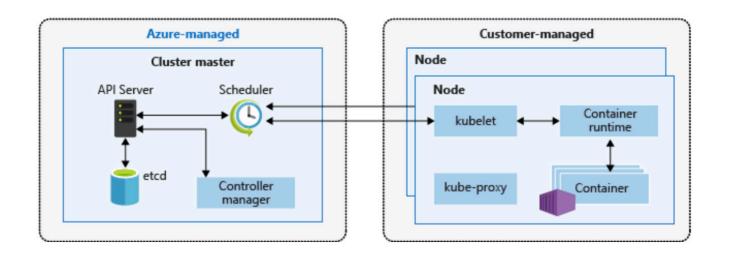






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1. Azure managed cluster master nodes



• Azure managed, cluster master nodes, provide core kubernetes services and orchestration of application workloads.



2. Node security in AKS

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: security-context-demo
spec:
  containers:
    - name: security-context-demo
      image: nginx:1.15.5
    securityContext:
      runAsUser: 1000
      fsGroup: 2000
      allowPrivilegeEscalation: false
      capabilities:
        add: ["NET_ADMIN", "SYS_TIME"]
```

- Pod security contexts are built in to Kubernetes and lets you define additional permissions.
 - Define the user or group to run as.
 - Avoid use of root privileged escalation (Set allowPrivilegeEscalation: false in the pod manifest to).
 - Define what Linux capabilities to expose. Containers should be limited to only the actions and processes that they need.

• For more granular control of container actions, you can also use built-in Linux security features such as AppArmor and seccomp.

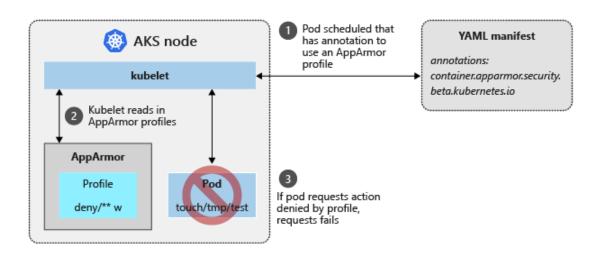




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2. Node security in AKS



• AppArmor

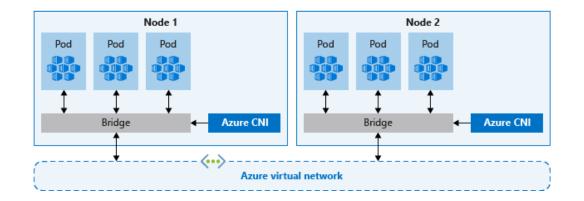
- Linux kernel security module (works for any Linux application)
- Available as part of underlying AKS node OS, and is enabled by default (restrict access to / proc /sys locations)
- You can create additional AppArmor profiles that restrict actions such as read, write, or execute, or system functions such as mounting filesystems
- This features are defined at the node level, and then implemented through a pod manifest annotation: container.apparmor.security.beta.kubernetes.io

• Seccomp

- Linux kernel security module (works at process level)
- Supported by docker runtime used by AKS nodes (works at the process level)
- You can create additional seccomp filters that, for example, prevents changing permissions on a file.
- This features are defined at the node level, and then implemented through a pod manifest annotation: <u>seccomp.security.alpha.kubernetes.io</u>



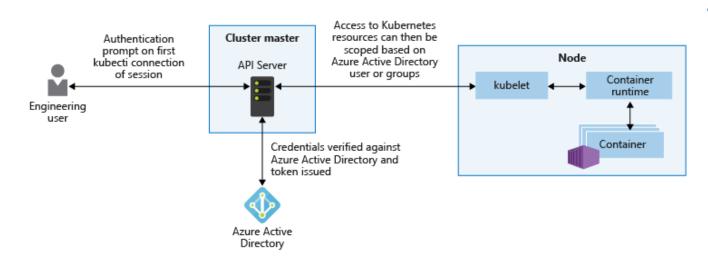
3. Networking in AKS



- Azure Container Networking Interface (CNI)
 - Every pod gets a unique IP address from the subnet and can be accessed directly.
 - Default network model is Kubenet, where only the nodes receive a routable IP address, and the pods use NAT to communicate with other resources outside the AKS cluster. NAT can become a bottleneck as number of pods on a Node grows.



4. Azure Active Directory Integration enables enhanced AKS cluster security

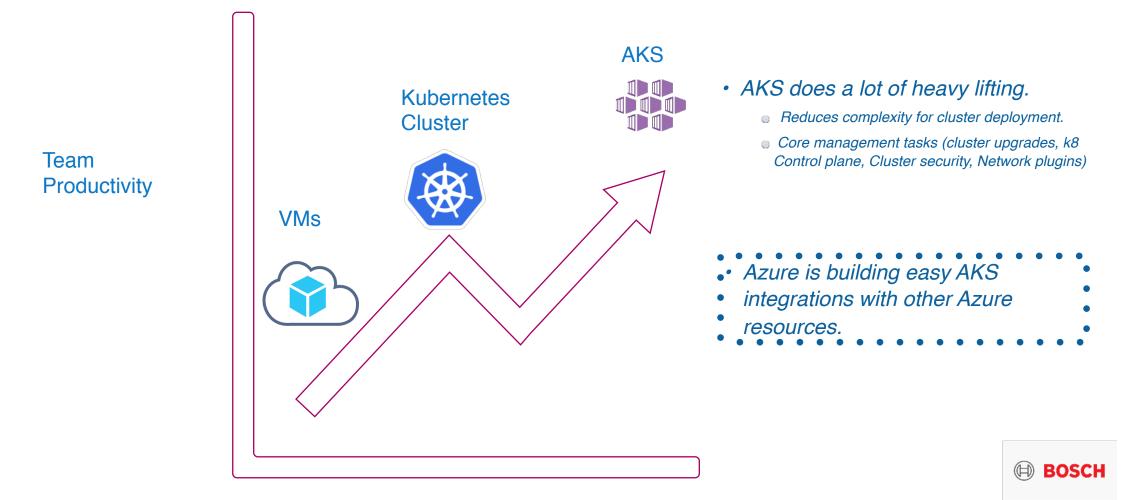


• Secure access to API server (AD RBAC)

- Kubernetes doesn't provide an identity management solution: hard to provide a granular way to restrict access to the API server.
- Use existing AD users, groups to authenticate users.

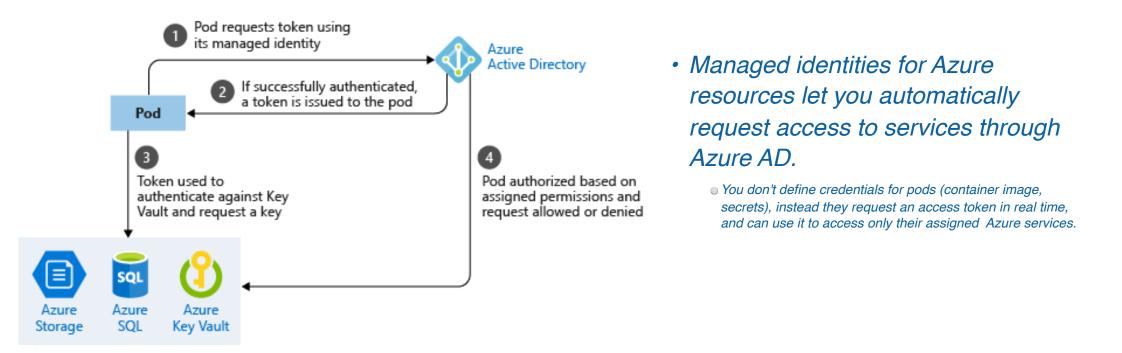
Kubernetes RBAC

Enforce Role Based Access Control (RBAC) using Roles and RoleBindings within cluster.





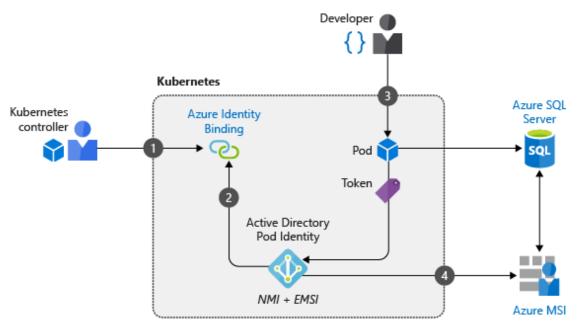
4. Azure Active Directory Integration enables enhanced AKS cluster security







4. Azure Active Directory Integration enables enhanced AKS cluster security



- AKS needs two components to use pod managed identity :
 - 1. Node Identity management (NMI) server
 - 2. Managed Identity Controller (MIC)

 NMI server (DaemonSet) listens for pod requests to Azure services, queries the MIC -> The MIC checks for Azure identity mappings in the AKS cluster -> The NMI server then requests an access token from Azure Active Directory (AD) based on the pod's identity mapping.

• Limit Credential Exposure (of non azure resources) by using Pod Managed Identity, and Azure Key Vault FlexVol driver.



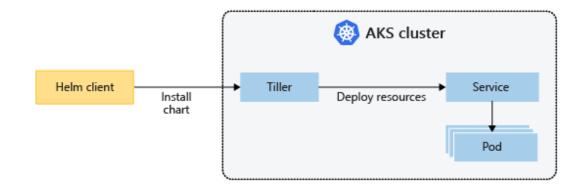


Helm Charts









- Package Management with Helm.
 - Tiller and Helm client.
 - ACR configured to be Helm repository.





• Applications can be tested in an ephemeral (short-lived) environment quickly.

You could define your own application stack with all its dependencies, configurations in a helm chart and deploy.

• Deploy Infrastructure Services.

You can build and use existing public Helm charts that contain a packaged version of application code and Kubernetes YAML manifests to deploy resources.

• Easy rollbacks.

You can rollback your services with all the configuration information if something goes wrong.

- Production releases are smoother.
- Onboarding new engineers is quicker.









Helm Charts

Drivers of High Velocity Engineering

Kubernetes

Container Native Services

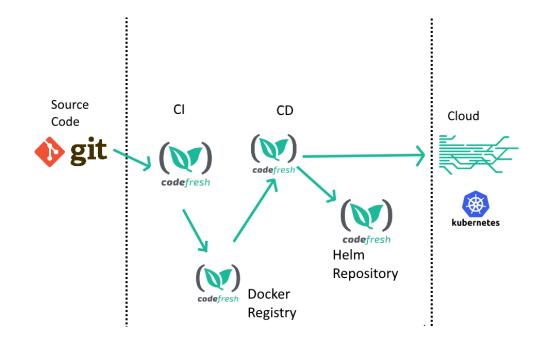


CI/CD with Codefresh





CI/CD Workflow







The Kubernetes Ecosystem







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Growing number of Tools and Services in the Kubernetes ecosystem













Thank you!

